## SUPERINTENDENCE OF CULTURAL HERITAGE

## National Inventory of the Cultural Property of the Maltese Islands

NICPMI Inv. No. 00051 **Date of Publication** 30 March 2012

**Property Name** Tal-Ghallis Tower

> Address Triq is-Salini

Toponym Bahar iċ-Ċaghaq Local Council Naxxar **Town Name** Naxxar

Property Owner Government **Managing Body** Din L-Art Helwa

Guardianship Deed Yes

> Period Modern (16th to 20th Century AD)

Phase Early Modern: Knights of St John (1530-1798)

Architectural Cultural Heritage **Cultural Heritage** Historical **Property Value** Type & Value

Assessment Military **Property Function** Conservation Area Not Available

Outline Description

One of a chain of thirteen coastal towers built during the period of the Knights of St John

High

**Property Description** 

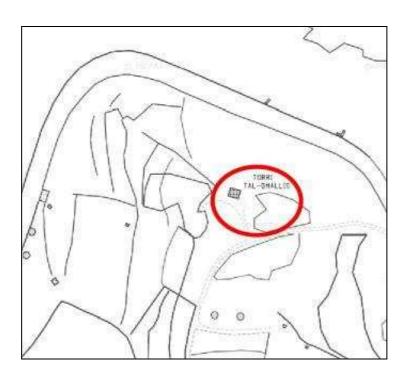
Built in 1658 by Grand Master de Redin, Tal-Ghallis Tower was the second of a chain of thirteen coastal tower to be built during the period of the Knights of St John to fortify Malta's coastline. The main purpose of these watch towers was to provide an early warning system to the Knights from attacks by pirates and other raiders. They were not designed to oppose invading forces. Guarding the entrances to Salina Bay, Ghallis Tower followed the standard design pattern for coastal towers which consisted of a square plan and two floors with a turrent at roof level.

Scheduled by MEPA **Degree of Protection** Grade 1 G.N. No. 729 G.N. Date 1995

> Spiteri, S.C. (1994) Fortresses of the Cross, Hospitaller Military Architecture (1136-1798), Malta: Heritage Interpretation Services.

Recommended **Bibliography**  Coordinates: Easting 49053 79110 Northing: Coordinates

## **Property Plan**



## **Property Images**

